

Monads, Comonads, and transducers

Rafał Stefański

University College London

Highlights '23

Founded by EPSRC project “Resources in Computation”

Monads

MA

Data structure

MMA \longrightarrow *MA*

Flattening operation

A \longrightarrow *MA*

Singleton operation

Monads

MA

Data structure

$MMA \longrightarrow MA$

Flattening operation

$A \longrightarrow MA$

Singleton operation

For example

$MA = A^*$

Monads

MA

Data structure

$MMA \longrightarrow MA$

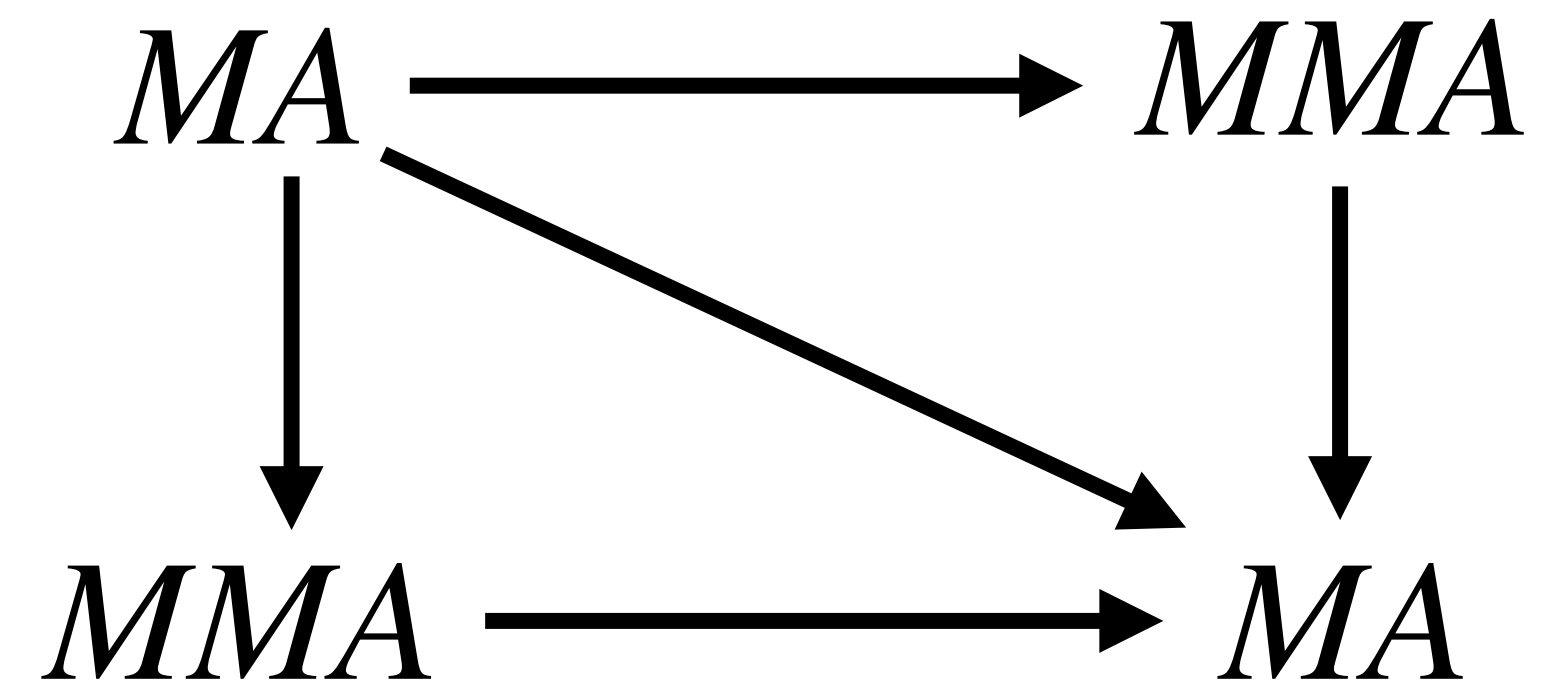
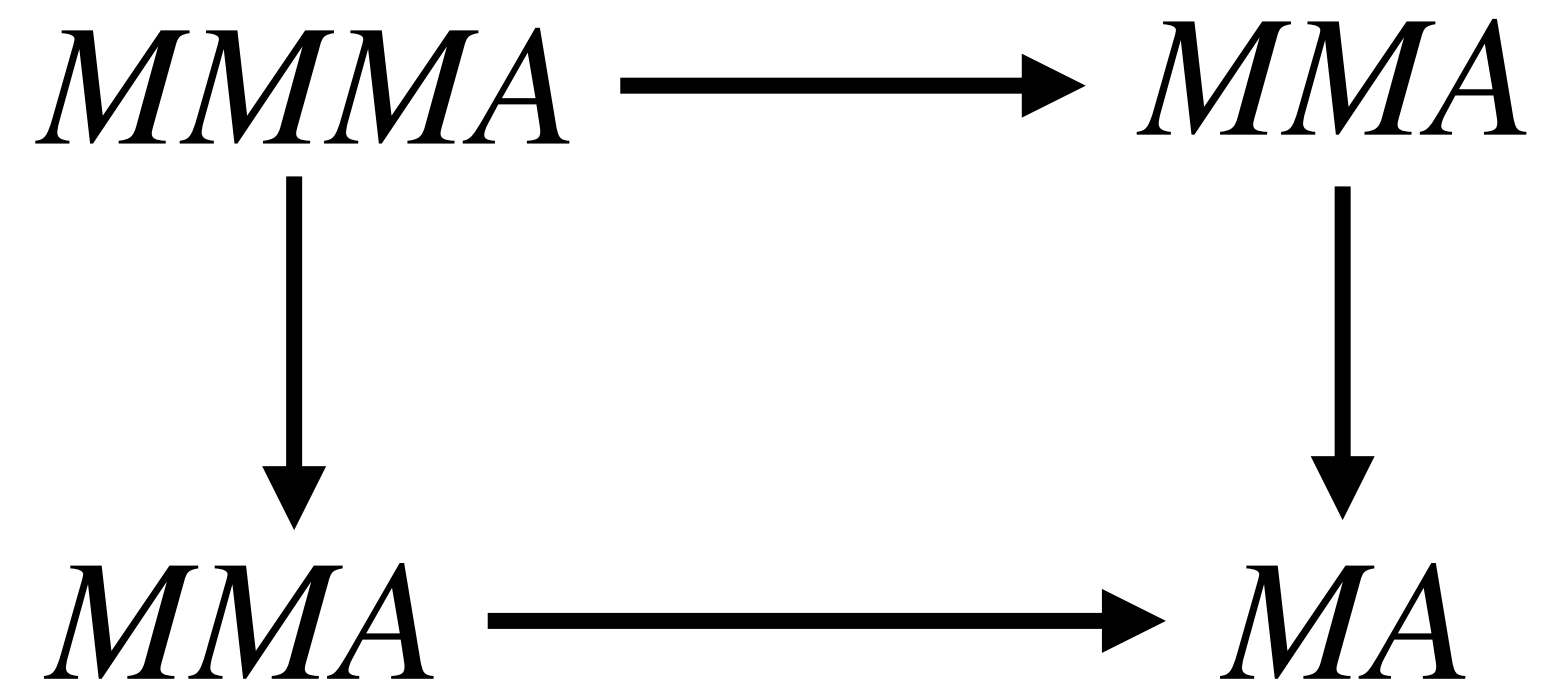
Flattening operation

$A \longrightarrow MA$

Singleton operation

For example
 $MA = A^*$

Together with coherence axioms



Comonads

MA

Data structure

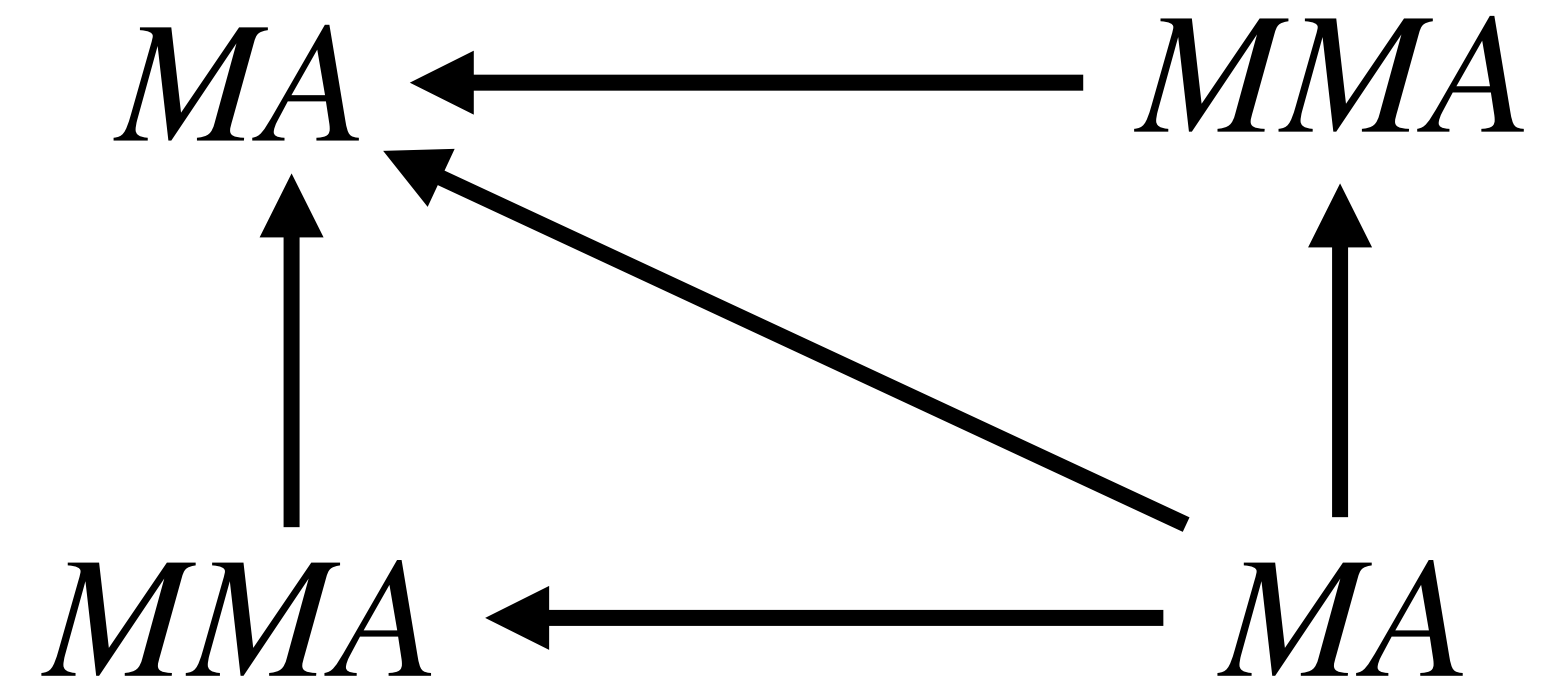
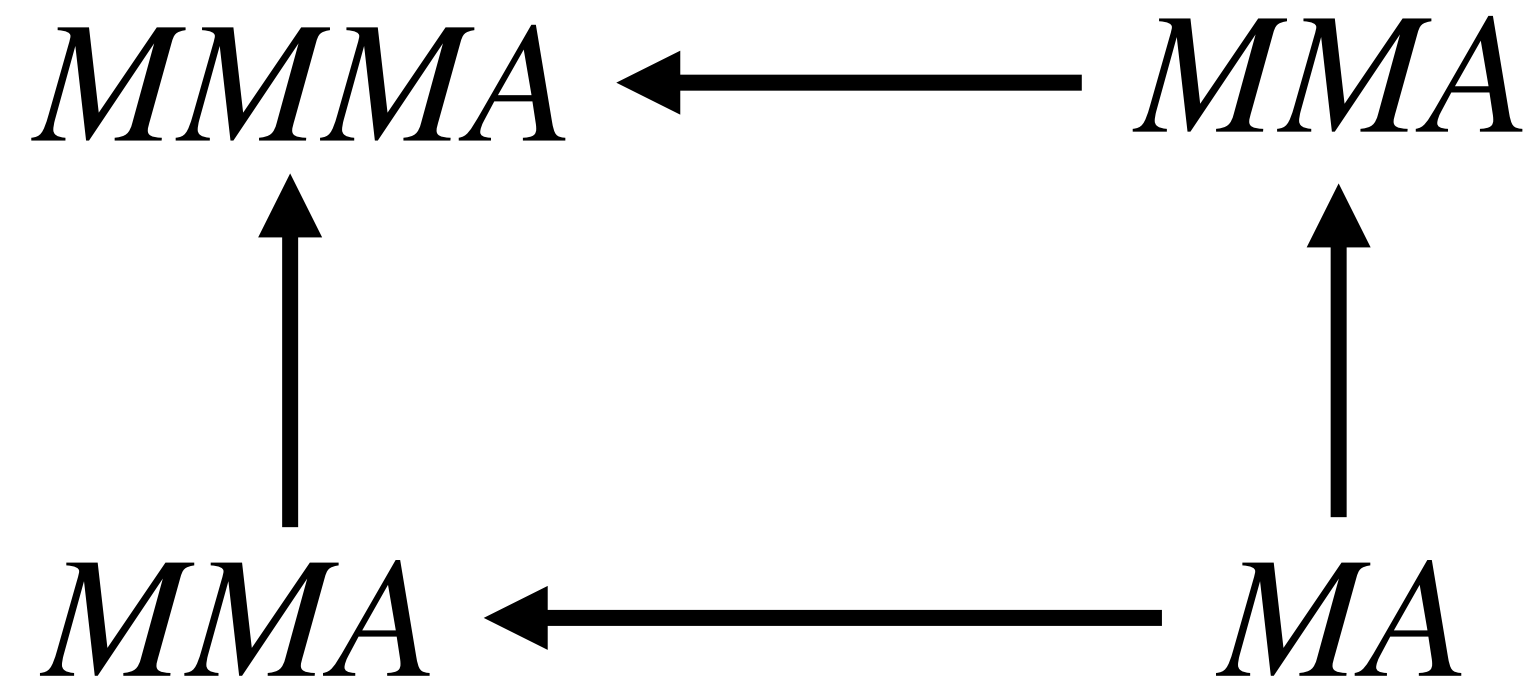
$MMA \leftarrow MA$

Expanding operation

$A \leftarrow MA$

Extracting operation

Together with coherence axioms



Slogan:

Monads = Languages

Monads + Comonads = Transducers

Slogan:

Regular
=
Recognisable by finite algebras

Monads = Languages

Monads + Comonads = Transducers

Slogan:

Monads = Languages

Monads + Comonads = Transducers

Regular
=
Recognisable by finite algebras



M. Bojańczyk. 2015.
Recognisable languages over monads.

Slogan:

Monads = Languages

Monads + Comonads = Transducers

This talk.

Regular
=
Recognisable by finite algebras

M. Bojańczyk. 2015.
Recognisable languages over monads.

Monad and comonad

$$MA = A^+$$

$$MMA \rightarrow MA$$

$$A \rightarrow MA$$

$$MA \rightarrow MMA$$

$$MA \rightarrow A$$

Monad and comonad

$$MA = A^+$$

$$MMA \rightarrow MA$$

Flatten

$$[[1, 2, 3], [4, 5], [6, 7]] \mapsto [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7]$$

$$A \rightarrow MA$$

Singleton

$$7 \mapsto [7]$$

$$MA \rightarrow MMA$$

$$MA \rightarrow A$$

Monad and comonad

$$MA = A^+$$

$$MMA \rightarrow MA$$

Flatten

$$[[1, 2, 3], [4, 5], [6, 7]] \mapsto [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7]$$

$$A \rightarrow MA$$

Singleton

$$7 \mapsto [7]$$

$$MA \rightarrow MMA$$

Prefixes

$$MA \rightarrow A$$

Monad and comonad

$$MA = A^+$$

$$MMA \rightarrow MA$$

Flatten

$$[[1, 2, 3], [4, 5], [6, 7]] \mapsto [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7]$$

$$A \rightarrow MA$$

Singleton

$$7 \mapsto [7]$$

$$MA \rightarrow MMA$$

Prefixes

$$[1, 2, 3, 4] \mapsto [[1], [1, 2], [1, 2, 3], [1, 2, 3, 4]]$$

$$MA \rightarrow A$$

Monad and comonad

$$MA = A^+$$

$$MMA \rightarrow MA$$

Flatten

$$[[1, 2, 3], [4, 5], [6, 7]] \mapsto [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7]$$

$$A \rightarrow MA$$

Singleton

$$7 \mapsto [7]$$

$$MA \rightarrow MMA$$

Prefixes

$$[1, 2, 3, 4] \mapsto [[1], [1, 2], [1, 2, 3], [1, 2, 3, 4]]$$

$$MA \rightarrow A$$

Last element

Monad and comonad

$$MA = A^+$$

$$MMA \rightarrow MA$$

Flatten

$$[[1, 2, 3], [4, 5], [6, 7]] \mapsto [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7]$$

$$A \rightarrow MA$$

Singleton

$$7 \mapsto [7]$$

$$MA \rightarrow MMA$$

Prefixes

$$[1, 2, 3, 4] \mapsto [[1], [1, 2], [1, 2, 3], [1, 2, 3, 4]]$$

$$MA \rightarrow A$$

Last element

$$[1, 2, 3, 4] \mapsto 4$$

Monads, comonads, and transducers

Given a regular language:

$$L : M\Sigma \rightarrow \{\text{Yes, No}\}$$

We define the following transduction:

$$M\Sigma \xrightarrow{\text{comonad}} MM\Sigma \xrightarrow{ML} M\{\text{Yes, No}\}$$

Monads, comonads, and transducers

Given a regular language:

$$L : M\Sigma \rightarrow \{\text{Yes}, \text{No}\}$$

We define the following transduction:

$$M\Sigma \xrightarrow{\text{comonad}} MM\Sigma \xrightarrow{ML} M\{\text{Yes}, \text{No}\}$$

$[a, b, a, a]$

Monads, comonads, and transducers

Given a regular language:

$$L : M\Sigma \rightarrow \{\text{Yes, No}\}$$

We define the following transduction:

$$M\Sigma \xrightarrow{\text{comonad}} MM\Sigma \xrightarrow{ML} M\{\text{Yes, No}\}$$

$$[a, b, a, a] \mapsto [[a], [a, b], [a, b, a], [a, b, a, a]]$$

Monads, comonads, and transducers

Given a regular language:

$$L : M\Sigma \rightarrow \{\text{Yes, No}\}$$

We define the following transduction:

$$M\Sigma \xrightarrow{\text{comonad}} MM\Sigma \xrightarrow{ML} M\{\text{Yes, No}\}$$

$$[a, b, a, a] \mapsto [[a], [a, b], [a, b, a], [a, b, a, a]] \mapsto [\text{Yes}, \text{Yes}, \text{No}, \text{Yes}]$$

Monads, comonads, and transducers

Given a regular language:

$$L : M\Sigma \rightarrow \Gamma$$

We define the following transduction:

$$M\Sigma \xrightarrow{\text{comonad}} MM\Sigma \xrightarrow{ML} M\Gamma$$

Monads, comonads, and transducers

Given a regular language:

$$L : M\Sigma \rightarrow \Gamma$$

We define the following transduction:

$$M\Sigma \xrightarrow{\text{comonad}} MM\Sigma \xrightarrow{ML} M\Gamma$$

This gives us a class of M -transductions.

Structure vs. power

M	Expressive Power
----------	-------------------------

Structure vs. power

M	Expressive Power
Non-empty lists with prefixes	Mealy machines

Structure vs. power

M	Expressive Power
Non-empty lists with prefixes	Mealy machines
Non-empty lists with suffixes	Right-to-left Mealy machines

Structure vs. power

M	Expressive Power
Non-empty lists with prefixes	Mealy machines
Non-empty lists with suffixes	Right-to-left Mealy machines
Lists with an underlined element	Rational letter-to-letter functions

Structure vs. power

M	Expressive Power
Non-empty lists with prefixes	Mealy machines
Non-empty lists with suffixes	Right-to-left Mealy machines
Lists with an underlined element	Rational letter-to-letter functions

Other examples of M:

Structure vs. power

M	Expressive Power
Non-empty lists with prefixes	Mealy machines
Non-empty lists with suffixes	Right-to-left Mealy machines
Lists with an underlined element	Rational letter-to-letter functions

Other examples of M:

Words over countable orders with a maximal/minimal/underlined element.

Structure vs. power

M	Expressive Power
Non-empty lists with prefixes	Mealy machines
Non-empty lists with suffixes	Right-to-left Mealy machines
Lists with an underlined element	Rational letter-to-letter functions

Other examples of M:

Words over countable orders with a maximal/minimal/underlined element.

Terms with an underlined variable.

Structure vs. power

M	Expressive Power
Non-empty lists with prefixes	Mealy machines
Non-empty lists with suffixes	Right-to-left Mealy machines
Lists with an underlined element	Rational letter-to-letter functions

Other examples of M:

Words over countable orders with a maximal/minimal/underlined element.

Terms with an underlined variable.

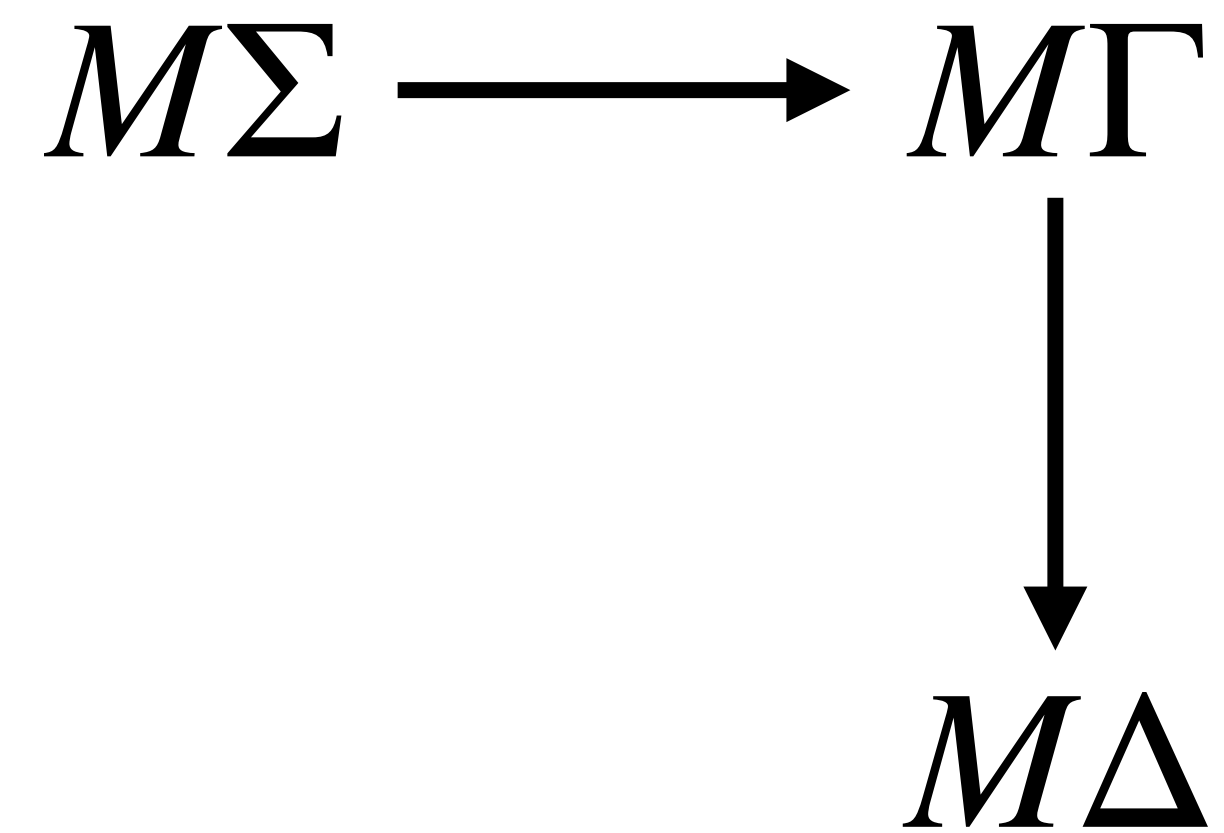
...

Theorem

M -transductions are closed under compositions.

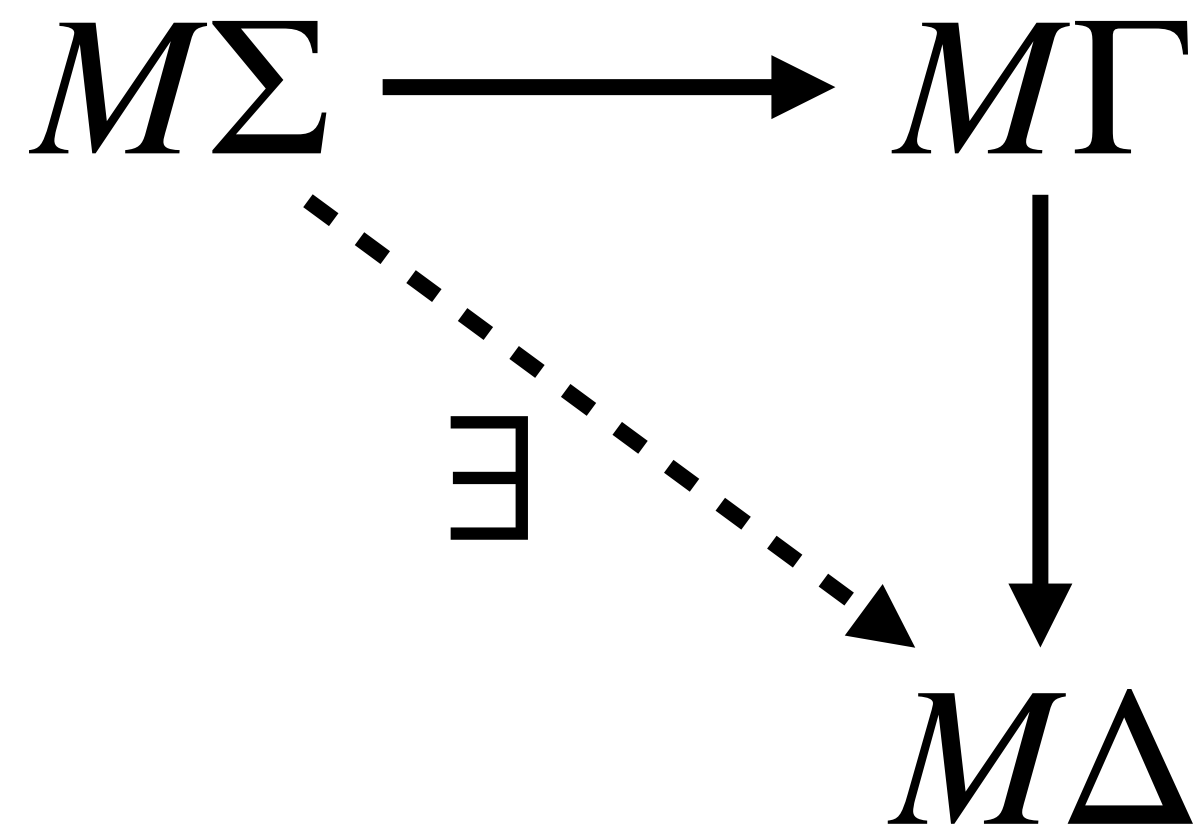
Theorem

M -transductions are closed under compositions.



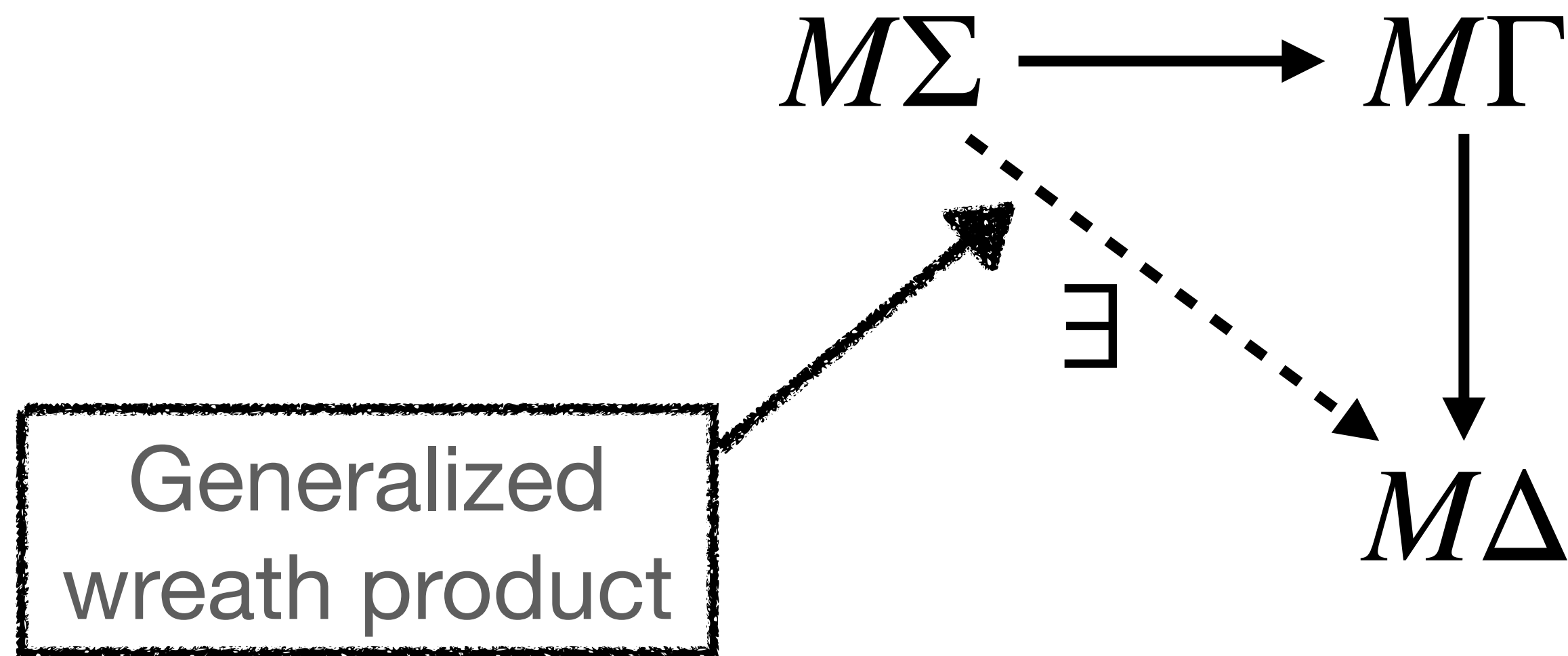
Theorem

M -transductions are closed under compositions.



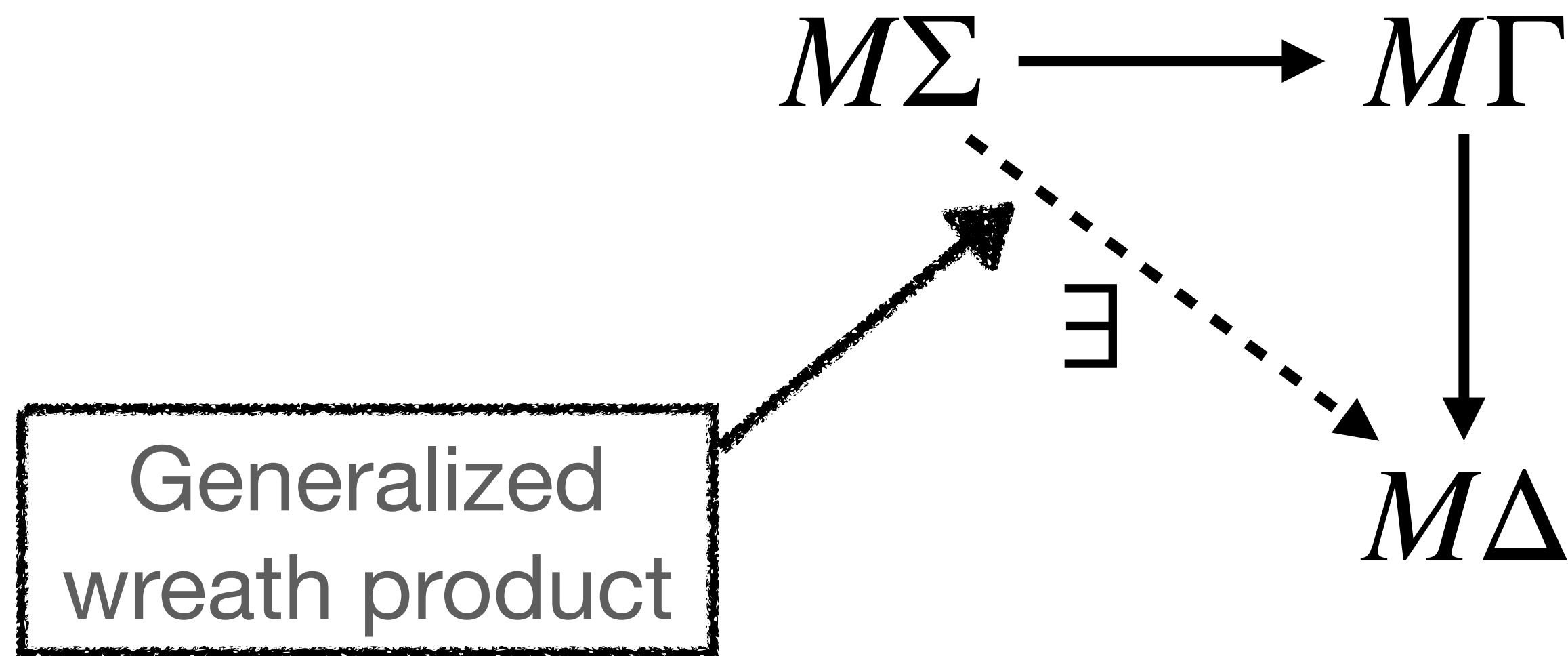
Theorem

M -transductions are closed under compositions.



Theorem

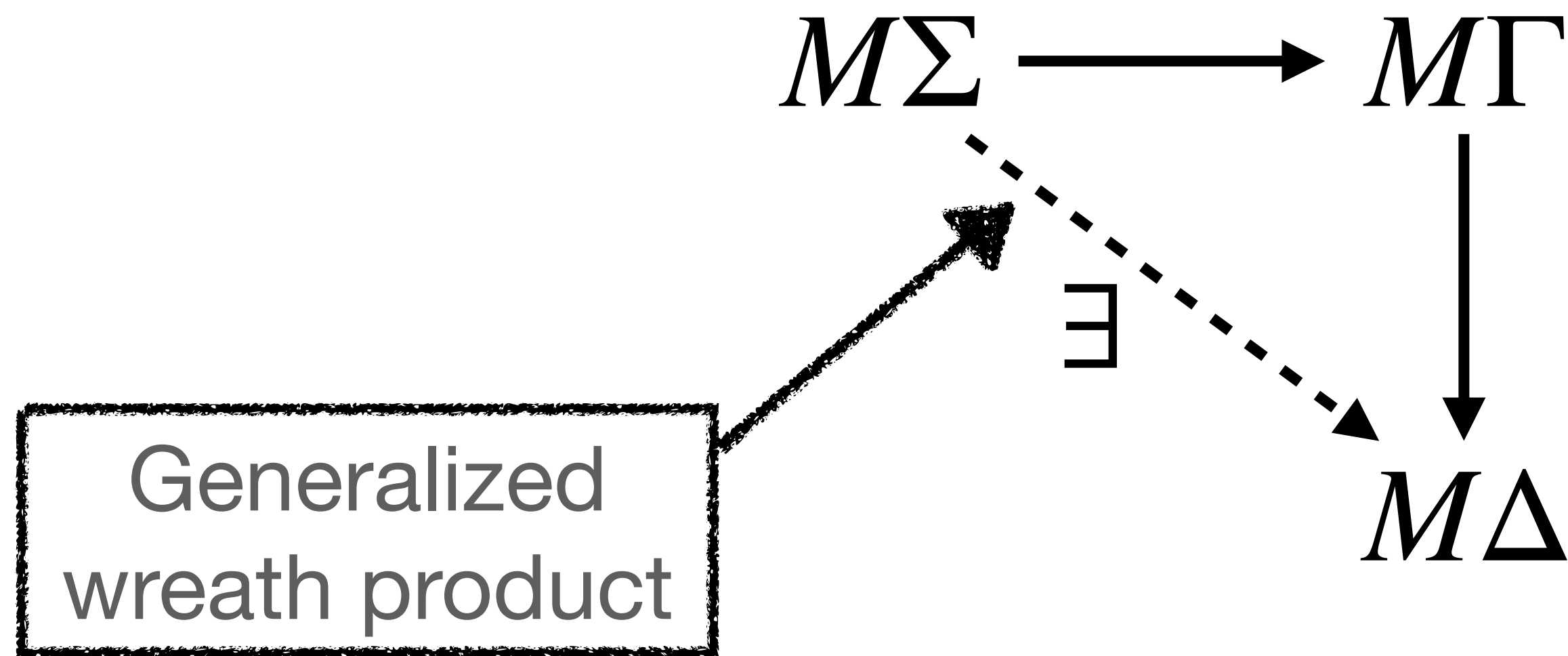
M -transductions are closed under compositions.



This needs some axioms about the monad-comonad interactions.

Theorem

M -transductions are closed under compositions.

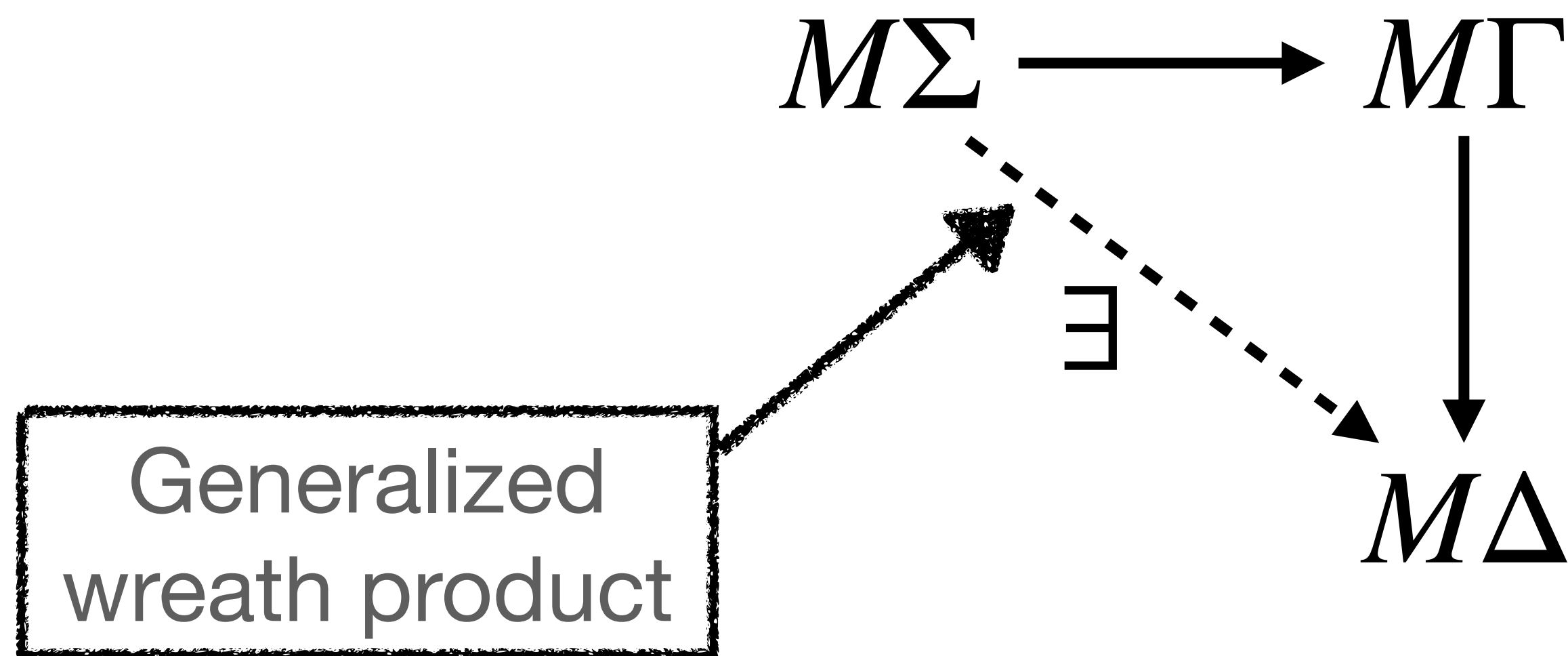


Verified in Coq

This needs some axioms about the monad-comonad interactions.

Theorem

M -transductions are closed under compositions.



Verified in Coq

This needs some axioms about the monad-comonad interactions.

Thank you!