

## Homework, the 1st series

**Deadline: 6 April, 2014, 23:59**

A correctly parenthesized expression is generated by the grammar  $A \rightarrow AA \mid (A) \mid \varepsilon$ .

A correctly 2-parenthesized expression is generated by the grammar

$A \rightarrow AA \mid (A) \mid [A] \mid \varepsilon$ .

(a) Show that the set of words over alphabet  $(, ), X$ , which can be turned into a correctly parenthesized expression by some replacement of symbols  $X$  by parentheses, is in the complexity class  $L$ .

(b) Show that the set of words over alphabet  $(, ), [, ], X$ , which can be turned into a correctly 2-parenthesized expression by some replacement of symbols  $X$  by parentheses (of any type), is in the complexity class  $P$ .

For example, the word  $[(X)X(X$  is in the language because of, e.g., the replacement  $[(X)X(X$ , but the word  $[(X)X(X$  is not.