

Idris — type classes and equality

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Solutions of exercises from Lab1

- Zad1.idr
- Zad2.idr
- Zad3.idr
- Zad4.idr
- Zad5.idr

- similar to type classes in Haskell
- there can be many implementations for one type

(see Eq.idr Tree.idr)

- `==` is not adequate
- equality defined at the level of types

(see `EqNat.idr`, `ExactLength.idr`)

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- is well-founded (in recursive calls arguments are decreasing)
- does not use any data types which are not strictly positive
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