

Problem 1 For a sequence $y = \{y_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ we define a function T by the formula

$$T(y) = \{x_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}},$$

where

$$x_n = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^j y_j.$$

- a) Show that $T : \ell_1 \rightarrow c_0$ is a continuous linear operator.
 b) Calculate the norm of the operator $T : \ell_1 \rightarrow c_0$.
 c) Let $y = \{y_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \in c_0$. Prove that there exists a sequence $x = \{x_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \in c_0$ such that

$$x_n - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^j x_j = y_n.$$

Problem 2 Let

$$X = \{f - \text{Lebesgue measurable function} : \sup_{1 \leq p \leq \infty} \|f\|_{L_p(\mathbb{R}^n)} < +\infty\}$$

- a) Show that $\|\cdot\|_X = \sup_{1 \leq p \leq \infty} \|\cdot\|_{L_p(\mathbb{R}^n)}$ is a norm on a space X .
 b) Prove that X with $\|\cdot\|_X$ is complete.
 c) We define function $\|\cdot\|_G$ in a following way

$$\|\cdot\|_G = G(\|\cdot\|_{L_{p_1}(\mathbb{R}^n)}, \|\cdot\|_{L_{p_2}(\mathbb{R}^n)}, \dots, \|\cdot\|_{L_{p_d}(\mathbb{R}^n)})$$

Find function $G : \mathbb{R}^d \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$ and sequence $\{p_i\}_{i=1}^d$, $1 \leq p_i \leq \infty$ such that $\|\cdot\|_G$ is a norm on X equivalent to $\|\cdot\|_X$.

Problem 3 Find the norm of the functional $f \in C([0, 1])^*$ defined for any $x \in C([0, 1])$ by

$$f(x) = x(0) - \int_0^{\frac{1}{3}} x(3t) \cdot t^{\frac{2}{3}} dt.$$

Problem 4 Let $\phi : c \rightarrow c$ be given by

$$\phi(\{a_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}}) = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sum_{i=1}^k 2^{i+1} a_{2^i}}{\sum_{i=1}^k 2^i}.$$

Prove the existence of Φ - an extension of ϕ to ℓ^∞ such that

$$2 \liminf_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n \leq \Phi(\{x_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}}) \leq 2 \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n$$