

## 47-th Mathematical Olympiad in Poland

Second Round, February 23–24, 1996

### First Day

1. Can every polynomial with integer coefficients be expressed as a sum of cubes of polynomials with integer coefficients?
2. A circle with center  $O$  inscribed in a convex quadrilateral  $ABCD$  is tangent to the lines  $AB$ ,  $BC$ ,  $CD$ ,  $DA$  at points  $K$ ,  $L$ ,  $M$ ,  $N$  respectively. Assume that the lines  $KL$  and  $MN$  are not parallel and intersect at the point  $S$ . Prove that  $BD \perp OS$ .
3. Prove that if  $a, b, c \geq -3/4$  and  $a + b + c = 1$ , then

$$\frac{a}{a^2 + 1} + \frac{b}{b^2 + 1} + \frac{c}{c^2 + 1} \leq \frac{9}{10}.$$

### Second Day

4. Given a sequence  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{99}$  of one-digit numbers with the property that if for some  $n$  we have  $a_n = 1$ , then  $a_{n+1} \neq 2$ ; and if for some  $n$  we have  $a_n = 3$ , then  $a_{n+1} \neq 4$ . Prove that there exist two numbers  $k, l \in \{1, 2, \dots, 98\}$  such that  $a_k = a_l$  and  $a_{k+1} = a_{l+1}$ .
5. Find all integer solutions to the equation

$$x^2(y - 1) + y^2(x - 1) = 1.$$

6. Prove that each interior point of a parallelepiped with edges  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$  is at most

$$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}$$

distance off some vertex of the parallelepiped.