

Optimal Control, Homework II.

Deadline: 25.01.2024. Solve four problems from the list below.

1. Let $\xi_1, \xi_2, \dots, \xi_N$ be a sequence of independent random variables with the same distribution $\mathbb{P}(\xi_j = 0) = \frac{2}{3}$, $\mathbb{P}(\xi_j = 1) = \frac{1}{3}$. Let $X_0 \in \mathbb{R}$ be an arbitrary number and let

$$X_{n+1} = \left(X_n - \frac{1}{2}\right) \xi_{n+1}, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N-1.$$

Solve the optimal stopping problem $\sup_{\tau \leq N} \mathbb{E}X_\tau$, where the supremum is taken over all stopping times adapted to the filtration generated by $\xi_1, \xi_2, \dots, \xi_N$.

Easier version: solve this problem for $N = 3$.

2. Let X_1, X_2, \dots be independent random variables with the distribution given by $\mathbb{P}(X_j = k) = 2^{-k-1}$, $k = 0, 1, 2, \dots$. Solve the optimal stopping problem

$$\sup_{\tau} \mathbb{E} \left(X_\tau - \frac{\tau}{2024} \right),$$

where the supremum is taken over all finite stopping times adapted to the natural filtration of the sequence $(X_n)_{n \geq 1}$.

3. Let $(S_n)_{n \geq 0}$ be a symmetric random walk over the integers and let $\beta \in (0, 1)$ be a fixed parameter. Solve the optimal stopping problem

$$V(x) = \sup_{\tau} \mathbb{E}_x \left[\beta^\tau (1 - \exp(S_\tau))^+ \right], \quad x \in \mathbb{Z}$$

(here, as usual, \mathbb{P}_x is the probability under which S_0 starts from x , and \mathbb{E}_x is the associated expectation).

4. Solve the optimal control problem

$$\sup_u \left\{ \int_0^T \sqrt[3]{u(t)} dt + \sqrt[3]{x(T)} \right\},$$

where $x(0) = x_0 > 0$ and $\dot{x} = -u < 0$.

5. Find the best constant C in the inequality

$$\int_0^1 \exp \left(\left| \frac{1}{t} \int_0^t f \right| \right) dt \leq C \int_0^1 \exp(|f|) dt,$$

to be valid for all piecewise continuous functions f on $[0, 1]$.

6. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_N be independent random variables with the uniform distribution on $[0, 1]$. Solve the optimal stopping problem

$$\sup \mathbb{P} \left(X_\tau = \max_{1 \leq n \leq N} X_n \right),$$

where the supremum is taken over all stopping times τ adapted to the natural filtration of X_1, X_2, \dots, X_N .

Easier version: solve this problem for $N = 3$.