

LECTURE 5 Appendix
Tree-diagonal systems
 Here lp is the number of processors used.

SCHUR VARIABLES

EVEN NUMBERS

$$Z_0 = e_0^T X_1$$

$$Z_2 = e_0^T X_2$$

$$Z_4 = e_0^T X_3$$

$$Z_6 = e_0^T X_4$$

...

$$Z_{2(lp-1)-2} = e_0^T X_{lp-1}$$

Numeration algorithm:

$$Z_{2k-2} = e_0^T X_k \quad k = 1, 2, \dots, lp - 1$$

ODD NUMBERS

$$Z_1 = e_R^T X_0$$

$$Z_3 = e_R^T X_1$$

$$Z_5 = e_R^T X_2$$

$$Z_7 = e_R^T X_3$$

...

$$Z_{2(lp-1)+1} = e_R^T X_{lp-2}$$

Numeration algorithm:

$$Z_{2k+1} = e_R^T X_k \quad k = 0, 1, \dots, lp - 2$$

In the SCHUR SYSTEM THERE IS $2(lp-1)$ EQUATIONS.

SCHUR SYSTEM OF EQUATIONS for $lp = 4$

- how to number equations of the Schur System?

- look at the RHS!

$$(0) \quad b^0 e_R^T V^0 z_0 + z_1 = e_R^T \tilde{X}_0$$

$$(1) \quad z_0 + a^1 e_0^T W^1 z_1 + b^1 e_0^T V^1 z_2 = e_0^T \tilde{X}_1$$

$$(2) \quad a^1 e_R^T W^1 z_1 + b^1 e_R^T V^1 z_2 + z_3 = e_R^T \tilde{X}_1$$

$$(3) \quad z_2 + a^2 e_0^T W^2 z_3 + b^2 e_0^T V^2 z_4 = e_0^T \tilde{X}_2$$

$$(4) \quad a^2 e_R^T W^2 z_3 + b^2 e_R^T V^2 z_4 + z_5 = e_R^T \tilde{X}_2$$

$$(5) \quad z_4 + a^3 e_0^T W^3 z_5 = e_0^T \tilde{X}_3$$

SCHUR SYSTEM MATRIX WITH THE RHS COLUMN

($lp = 4$)

$$\begin{bmatrix} b^0 e_R^T V^0 & 1 & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & e_R^T \tilde{X}_0 \\ 1 & a^1 e_0^T W^1 & b^1 e_0^T V^1 & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & e_0^T \tilde{X}_1 \\ \cdot & a^1 e_R^T W^1 & b^1 e_R^T V^1 & 1 & \cdot & \cdot & e_R^T \tilde{X}_1 \\ \cdot & \cdot & 1 & a^2 e_0^T W^2 & b^2 e_0^T V^2 & \cdot & e_0^T \tilde{X}_2 \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & a^2 e_R^T W^2 & b^2 e_R^T V^2 & 1 & e_R^T \tilde{X}_2 \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & 1 & a^3 e_0^T W^3 & e_0^T \tilde{X}_3 \end{bmatrix}$$